# 11 - Obstetrics & Gynaecology

(02) MD (Obstetrics & Gynaecology) Part II Examination
(earlier MS (Obstetrics & Gynaecology) Part II Examination

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POSTGRADUATE INSTITUTE OF MEDICINE
UNIVERSITY OF COLOMBO

MS (OBSTETRICS & GYNAECOLOGY) PART II EXAMINATION
JUNE, 1990

Date: 4th June 1990       Time: 2.00 p.m. - 5.00 p.m.

PAPER I

Answer all questions
Each question to be answered in a separate book

1. Discuss the aetiology of multiple pregnancy. Outline the problems that may be associated with multiple pregnancy in the antenatal period and labor.

2. Discuss the factors that may influence prognosis in primary ovarian cancer

3. Discuss the investigation and management after still birth.
1. Discuss diagnosis and management of female urinary incontinence

2. Discuss the principles concerned with the organization of a Confidential Inquiry into maternal deaths in Sri Lanka. How can such an inquiry reduce maternal mortality?

3. Discuss the modern management of endometriosis.
POSTGRADUATE INSTITUTE OF MEDICINE
UNIVERSITY OF COLOMBO

MS (OBSTETRICS & GYNARCOLOGY) PART II EXAMINATION
JUNE, 1991

Date: 3rd June 1991
Time: 2.00 p.m.- 5.00 p.m.

PAPER I

Answer all questions.
Each question to be answered in a separate book

1. Discuss uterine factors in reproductive failure.

2. What considerations should be made in prescribing drugs in pregnancy.

3. A patient presents in the 30th week of pregnancy with a uterus assessed as large for gestational age. How could the diagnosis be established?
POSTGRADUATE INSTITUTE OF MEDICINE
UNIVERSITY OF COLOMBO

MS (OBSTETRICS & GYNARCOLOGY) PART II EXAMINATION
JUNE, 1991

Date: 4th June, 1991
Time: 9.00 a.m. - 12.00 noon

PAPER II

Answer all questions.
Each question to be answered in a separate book.

1. Discuss gynecologic problems in the peri-menarcheal period of life.

2. Discuss the place of radical surgery in gynecologic malignancies.

3. Discuss the aetiology and management of postpartum collapse with particular reference to Sri Lanka.
POSTGRADUATE INSTITUTE OF, MEDICINE
UNIVERSITY OF COLOMBO

MS (OBSTETRICS & GYNAECOLOGY) PART II EXAMINATION
JUNE, 1992

Date: 8th June 1992
Time: 2.00 p.m.  5.00 p.m.

PAPER I

Answer all questions.
Each question to be answered in a separate book.

1. Write a critical account of intrapartum fetal care.

2. Discuss the gynecological problems presented by an aging population at a national level.

3. Discuss the management of a patient who is found to have a cardiac murmur at the first antenatal visit.
POSTGRADUATE INSTITUTE OF MEDICINE
UNIVERSITY OF COLOMBO

MS (OBSTETRICS & GYNAECOLOGY) PART II EXAMINATION
JUNE, 1992

Date: 9th June 1992        Time: 9.00 a.m.-12.00 noon

PAPER II

Answer all questions.
Each question to be answered in a separate book.

1. Discuss the staging and management of Cervical Intra-epithelial Neoplasia (CIN).

2. Discuss the diagnosis and management of tubal pregnancy.

3. Discuss the impact of increasing caesarian section rates in Shri Lanka.
POSTGRADUATE INSTITUTE OF MEDICINE  
UNIVERSITY OF COLOMBO  

MS (OBSTETRICS & GYNAECOLOGY) PART II EXAMINATION  
JUNE, 1993  

Date: 8th June, 1993  Time: 9.00 a.m. - 12.00 noon  

PAPER I  

Answer all questions.  
Each question to be answered in a separate book.  

1. Discuss the statement "Although Sri Lanka's maternal mortality rate is the lowest in the South-Asian region, it is still higher than in the developed countries".  

2. Discuss the management of Post-operative urinary incontinence.  

3. Discuss critically current trends in the management of hypertension in pregnancy.
1. Describe how you would manage a patient with a prolonged second stage of labor.

2. Write a critical account on anovular menstrual cycles, excluding anovulation induced by contraception.

3. Discuss the prevention and early diagnosis of carcinoma of the cervix.
POSTGRADUATE INSTITUTE OF MEDICINE
UNIVERSITY OF COLOMBO

MS (OBSTETRICS & GYNAECOLOGY) PART II EXAMINATION
JUNE, 1994

Date: 6th June 1994        Time 2.00 p.m. - 5.00 p.m.

PAPER I

Answer all questions.
Each question to be answered in a separate book.

1. Discuss the management of obstetric emergencies in a non-specialist hospital in Sri Lanka.

2. A 42-year-old woman presents with heavy irregular vaginal bleeding. Discuss the differential diagnosis and management.

3. Discuss the statement: - "Instrumental vaginal delivery is a traumatic experience for a primigravina"
POSTGRADUATE INSTITUTE OF MEDICINE
UNIVERSITY OF COLOMBO

MS (OBSTETRICS & GYNAECOLOGY) PART II EXAMINATION
JUNE, 1994

Date: 7th June, 1994      Time: 9.00 a.m. - 12.00 noon

PAPER II

Answer all questions.
Each question to be answered in a separate book.

1. What are the major etiological features of perinatal mortality in Sri Lanka?
   Discuss how the two most frequent causes may be prevented.

2. Describe the non-surgical therapies used currently to treat carcinoma of the ovary.

3. Critically evaluate the family planning programme in Sri Lanka.
   How may this be improved?
1. Tubal ectopic pregnancy is a continuing major problem in gynecological practice. What advances have taken place recently in the diagnosis and management of this condition.

2. Discuss maternal obstetric injuries.

3. Discuss the problem of prolong pregnancy.
Answer all questions.
Each question to be answered in a separate book.

1. Write a critical account of the place of ultrasound in obstetric and gynecological practice.

2. Discuss the management of protenuric hypertension in a pregnant mother, in a specialist hospital in Sri Lanka.

3. Discuss the patho-physiological background to urinary incontinence in the female and discuss recent advances in the investigation and management of this problem.
POSTGRADUATE INSTITUTE OF MEDICINE
UNIVERSITY OF COLOMBO

MS (OBSTETRICS & GYNAECOLOGY) PART II EXAMINATION
JANUARY, 1996

Date: 16th January 1996       Time: 2.00 p.m. - 5.00p.m.

PAPER I

Answer all questions.
Each question to be answered in a separate book.

1. What is meant by the term unstable lie?
   Discuss the complications and management of a patient with this condition.


3. Critically evaluate the arguments for and against ovarian conservation.
PAPER II

Answer all questions.
Each question to be answered in a separate book.

4. Critically evaluate the place of vaginal surgery for gynecological disorders.

5. Discuss the role of surgery in the management of gestational trophoblastic disease.

6. Discuss how you could use the technological advances and facilities available in Sri Lanka in the safe motherhood programme.
Answer all three questions.
Each question to be answered in a separate book.

1. Discuss the factors affecting the size of the baby at birth.

2. Discuss the effects of maternal antenatal infections on the fetus and child.

3. Discuss how modern methods of fertility control could contribute to improving the national family planning service delivery programme.
Answer all three questions.
Each question to be answered in a separate book

1. Describe androgen metabolism in the female. Discuss the management of increased androgen production in women.

2. Discuss the changing pattern of the cause leading to post-partum hemorrhage in Sri Lanka.

3. Discuss how the prognosis from cervical cancer maybe improved.
Answer all three Questions.
Each question to be answered in separate book.

1. "Injury to bowel is a serious complication during gynecological Surgery". Discuss the prevention and management of such injuries.

2. Discuss the management of lower abdominal pain during pregnancy up to 16 weeks of gestation.

3. Discuss how the umbilical cord contributes to fetal welfare.
POSTGRADUATE INSTITUTE OF MEDICINE
UNIVERSITY OF COLOMBO

MS (OBSTETRICS & GYNAECOLOGY) PART II EXAMINATION
JANUARY, 1998

Date: 13th January 1998          Time: 2.00 p.m. - 5.00 p.m.

PAPER II

Answer all three questions.
Each question to be answered in a separate book.

1. Describe the assessment, advice and treatment of a 53 year old woman who requests hormone replacement therapy.

2. "The maternal mortality rate for Sri Lanka has been reduced to 60 per 100,000 live births". Discuss the strategies, which may be adapted to reduce this further.

3. Discuss the difficulties, which you may encounter with delivery of the fetal shoulders during the second stage of labor.
POSTGRADUATE INSTITUTE OF MEDICINE  
UNIVERSITY OF COLOMBO  

MS (OBSTETRICS & GYNAECOLOGY) PART II EXAMINATION  
JANUARY 1999  

Date: 11\textsuperscript{th} January 1999       Time: 2.00 p.m. - 5.00 p.m.  

PAPER I  

Answer all questions.  
Each question to be answered in a separate book.  

1. Critically evaluate the role of ultrasound scanning at different trimesters of pregnancy.  

2. Write an account on "induction of ovulation in the management of a subfertile couple".  

3. Describe these causes of postmenopausal bleeding and initial investigations.
POSTGRADUATE INSTITUTE OF MEDICINE
UNIVERSITY OF COLOMBO

MS (OBSTETRICS & GYNAECOLOGY) PART II EXAMINATION
JANUARY , 1999

Date: 12th January 1999      Time: 9.00 a.m. -12.00 noon

PAPER II

Answer all three questions.
Answer each question in a separate book.

1. Describe the management of a 24 year old Primigravida who presents at 30 weeks of gestation with dyspnoea which has gradually progressed up to grade ‘2’ severity and is found to have a cardiac murmur with a hemoglobin concentration of 11.6 gm per dl.

2. Discuss how the wide range of methods for relief of pain in labor could be applied at different levels of obstetric care in Sri Lanka.

3. Define recurrent miscarriage, describe its causes and discuss its management.
POSTGRADUATE INSTITUTE OF MEDICINE
UNIVERSITY OF COLOMBO

MS (OBSTETRICS & GYNAECOLOGY) PART II EXAMINATION
JULY, 1999

Date: 5th July 1999
Time: 2.00 p.m. - 5.00 p.m.

PAPER I

Answer all questions.
Each question to be answered in a separate book.

1. Discuss the causes, prevention and immediate management of birth asphyxia.

2. Discuss the strategies that you would advocate reducing maternal morbidity and mortality in pregnancy induced hypertension.

3. Critically evaluate the available methods of screening for gynecological cancer, and discuss how their use may reduce cancer deaths.
Answer all three Questions.  
Each question to be answered in a separate book.

1. How may congenital abnormalities of the uterus and vagina affect reproduction, and discuss critically the management of patients with these conditions.

2. Discuss the management of a 39-year-old in her fourth pregnancy with an intrauterine death at 39th week of pregnancy.

3. Evaluate the management options available for endometriosis.
Answer all questions.
Each question to be answered in a separate book.

1. How would you minimize clinical risks in your labor room?

2. Discuss the prevention and management of vault prolapse.

3. Discuss how the pregnancy outcome in diabetic women may be improved.
Answer all three Questions.
Each question to be answered in a separate book.

1. Critically assess the place of Endoscopic Surgery in Gynecology.

2. Discuss how structural and functional abnormalities of the placenta and membranes affect the outcome of pregnancy.

3. Justify your management of a woman with Pruritus Vulvae of nine months duration.
POSTGRADUATE INSTITUTE OF MEDICINE.
UNIVERSITY OF COLOMBO.

MS (OBSTETRICS & GYNAECOLOGY) PART II EXAMINATION
JANUARY, 2001

Date: 8th January, 2001
Time: 1.30 p.m.-4.30 p.m.

PAPER I

Answer all three questions.
Each question to be answered in a separate book.

1. Discuss the role of nutrition in pregnancy.

2. Discuss the management of a 32 year old primigravida presenting with prelabour rupture of membranes at 32 weeks of gestation.

3. Discuss how screening and treatment influence the prognosis of ovarian cancer,
Date : 10th January, 2001

Answer all three questions.
Each question to be answered in a separate book.

4. What shortcomings do you identify in the reproductive health services in Sri Lanka at the basic level?
   Discuss the strategies you would adopt to rectify them?

5. Discuss the relevance of prenatal diagnosis in societies where termination of pregnancy is not permitted. What is your management if a foetal anomaly is detected in such a society.

6. Discuss the pathophysiology and diagnosis of genuine stress incontinence. What determines your choice of surgical options?
1. “Dilatation and curettage is an obsolete procedure in modern gynaecological practice”, Discuss this statement.

2. Critically evaluate the methods available to assess fetal health.

3. Discuss the management of terminal gynaecological malignancy.
POSTGRADUATE INSTITUTE OF MEDICINE.
UNIVERSITY OF COLOMBO.

MS (OBSTETRICS & GYNAECOLOGY) PART II EXAMINATION
JULY, 2001

Date: 3rd July, 2001
Time: 9.30 a.m.- 12.30 p.m.

Answer all three questions.
Each question to be answered in a separate book.

1. ‘Suboptimal obstetric care is the leading cause of cerebral palsy’
   Critically analyse this statement.

2. Discuss the factors which influence a satisfactory success rate in assisted reproductive techniques.

3. Discuss the problems associated with teenage pregnancies and strategies which could be adopted to overcome them in Sri Lanka.
Answer all three questions. 
Each question to be answered in a separate book.

1. What are the common obstetric emergencies that occur in a labour room. Discuss the measures that should be taken to prevent these conditions.

2. Discuss the increasing incidence and the aetiology of endometrial cancer. How, would you plan a programme for early detection of endometrial cancer in "at risk" populations?

3. A young primigravida whom you have decided to allow into normal labour requests an elective Caesarean section. Discuss how you would handle this situation.
POSTGRADUATE INSTITUTE OF MEDICINE,
UNIVERSITY OF COLOMBO.

MS (OBSTETRICS & GYNAECOLOGY) PART II EXAMINATION
JANUARY, 2002

Date: 9th January, 2002
Time: 9.30 a.m.-12.30 p.m.

PAPER II

Answer all three questions.
Each question to be answered in a separate book.


2. Discuss the subsequent management of a singleton breech at 34 weeks of gestation.

3. Define polycystic ovarian disease (PCOD). Discuss the different clinical presentations of PCOD and the long-term risks of this condition.
POSTGRADUATE INSTITUTE OF MEDICINE.
UNIVERSITY OF COLOMBO.

MS (OBSTETRICS & GYNAECOLOGY) PART II EXAMINATION
JANUARY, 2003

Date: 6th January, 2003
Time: 1.30 p.m- 4.30 p.m.

PAPER I

Answer all three questions.
Each question to be answered in a separate book.

1. Critically evaluate the role of ultrasound in the assessment of fetal health.

2. Discuss the circumstances which would lead to urinary tract injuries in obstetric and gynaecological practice. How would you prevent them?

3. Discuss the role of a newly appointed consultant obstetrician and gynaecologist to a Base Hospital with minimal facilities, in reducing maternal and peri-natal morbidity and mortality.
POSTGRADUATE INSTITUTE OF MEDICINE,
UNIVERSITY OF COLOMBO.

MS (OBSTETRICS & GYNAECOLOGY) PART II EXAMINATION
JANUARY, 2003

Date: 7th January, 2003
Time: 9.30 a.m.- 12.30 p.m.

PAPER II

Answer all three questions.
Each question to be answered in a separate book.

1. Discuss the challenges faced by the obstetrician in the prevention and treatment of gestational diabetes mellitus in current obstetric practice in Sri Lanka.

2. Evaluate the current treatment options of dysfunctional uterine bleeding.

3. Discuss the current role of progestogens in women's health.
Answer all three questions. 
Each question to be answered in a separate book.

1. "Maternal deaths due to medical disorders accounted for 31% and 28% of all maternal deaths in the years 2000 and 2001 respectively".
   
   What changes to the Health Care system in Sri Lanka would you suggest so as to reduce these maternal deaths by 50% within the next five years?

2. What risks are associated with induction of ovulation? How may they be minimised?

3. "Nutrition in pregnancy plays a major role in maternal and fetal wellbeing". Discuss this statement.
1. A woman with one healthy child, presenting in her second pregnancy, has been tested positive for Rhesus antibodies at 10 weeks of gestation. Justify the investigations that you will carry out during her antenatal period.

2. Critically appraise how an Obstetrician can improve the maternal outcome when performing a Caesarean section for Deep Transverse Arrest and prolonged 2nd stage with uterine inertia.

3. A 57 year old asymptomatic postmenopausal female with no significant past illness has been found to have an adnexal mass during a routine gynaecological check up. Ultrasound scan confirmed a 4cm ovarian cyst. Evaluate the management options available.

4. Evaluate the alternatives to hysterectomy in the treatment of leiomyomata.

5. A 25-year-old woman who is on medication for Epilepsy, consults you as she is planning a pregnancy. How would you advise her about the management of her epilepsy before, during and after pregnancy?

6. A 65-year-old woman presents with a six months history of urinary incontinence on coughing and sneezing.
   a. How will you assess the patient?
   b. Evaluate the non-surgical treatment options available.
POSTGRADUATE INSTITUTE OF MEDICINE,
UNIVERSITY OF COLOMBO.

MS (OBSTETRICS & GYNAECOLOGY) PART II EXAMINATION
JANUARY, 2005

Date: 24th January, 2005          Time: 1.30 p.m.- 4.30 p.m.

PAPER I

Answer all three questions.
Each question to be answered in a separate book.

1. Evaluate the relative merits and demerits of the vacuum extractor and the obstetric forceps.

2. Discuss the prevention and principles in the management of ureteric injuries in gynaecological surgery.

3. What strategies would you recommend to improve the Perinatal Auditing System in Sri Lanka?
PAPER II

Answer all six questions.
Each question to be answered in a separate book.

1. Justify the need for contraception in a woman of age over 40 years and critically evaluate the methods available.

2. Evaluate the treatment options available for unruptured tubal pregnancy in the first trimester.

3. A healthy 55 year old patient on hormone replacement therapy presents with irregular vaginal bleeding. Clinical gynaecological examination was found to be normal and recent cervical smear is negative. Critically evaluate the appropriate investigations.

4. What steps would you take to minimize the risks of HIV (human immuno deficiency virus) transmission during the management of an HIV positive pregnant woman?

5. Discuss the special steps you would take in performing a Caesarean section for "Hand Prolapse" at term, in order to minimize the maternal morbidity and mortality.

6. How can audit alter the Caesarean section rate in Sri Lanka?
POSTGRADUATE INSTITUTE OF MEDICINE,
UNIVERSITY OF COLOMBO.

MS (OBSTETRICS & GYNAECOLOGY) PART II EXAMINATION
FEBRUARY, 2005

Date: 1st February, 2005
Time: 9.30 a.m.-12.30 p.m.

PAPER I

Answer all three questions.
Each question to be answered in a separate book.

1. Discuss the management of a patient who has developed gross distension of the abdomen three days following a total abdominal hysterectomy and bilateral salpingo-oophorectomy for extensive adhesions due to severe pelvic endometriosis.

2. Critically evaluate how fetal factors noted during the antenatal period in twin pregnancies influence the time and mode of delivery.

3. Discuss strategies you would introduce to reduce the prevalence of preterm labour in Sri Lanka.
Answer all six questions.
Each question to be answered in a separate book.

1. A 46-year-old woman presents with hirsutism of recent onset. Justify your management.

2. Critically assess the role of endometrial ablation for the treatment of idiopathic menorrhagia.

3. A 29 year old nulliparous patient who had a grade III (severe dysplasia) pap smear was found to have a microinvasive cervical carcinoma after LLETZ biopsy of the cervix. Depth of invasion was 2mm from the basement membrane. Discuss the management.

4. Evaluate the management options of a 30 year old primigravida with an uncomplicated pregnancy at 41 weeks who is not in labour.

5. A 40-year-old mother collapses after a normal vertex delivery of a healthy full-term baby. She has no vaginal bleeding. Describe the management.

6. A 32 year old primigravida with an uncomplicated pregnancy of 38 weeks requests a caesarean section. How would you counsel her?
POSTGRADUATE INSTITUTE OF MEDICINE
UNIVERSITY OF COLOMBO

MD (OBSTETRICS AND GYNAECOLOGY) PART II EXAMINATION
JANUARY, 2006

Date: 10\textsuperscript{th} January, 2006
Time: 1.30 p.m. - 4.30 p.m.

PAPER I

Answer all three questions.
Each question to answered in a separate book.

1. Discuss the diagnosis and management of ectopic pregnancy.

2. Discuss the causes and management of jaundice in pregnancy.

3. Discuss the steps you would take to improve contraceptive availability and use in Sri Lanka.
POSTGRADUATE INSTITUTE OF MEDICINE
UNIVERSITY OF COLOMBO

MD (OBSTETRICS AND GYNAECOLOGY) PART II EXAMINATION
JANUARY, 2006

Date: 11\textsuperscript{th} January 2006  
Time: 9.30 a.m. - 12.30 p.m.

PAPER II

Answer all six questions.
Each question to be answered in a separate book.

01. Evaluate the place of cardiotocography in pre-labour rupture of membranes at 32 weeks of gestation.

02. Outline the steps which would help to improve the outcome of pregnancy in a woman with thyrotoxicosis.

03. Describe the management of a thirty eight year old woman with two previous caesarean sections and a central placenta praevia at 37 weeks of pregnancy.

04. Discuss the factors that will influence the selection of an abdominal incision in obstetrics and gynaecology.

05. Critically appraise the influence of therapeutic options for menopause on the occurrence of endometrial carcinoma.

06. What would you say to a patient who requests uterine artery embolisation for the treatment of fibroids?
POSTGRADUATE INSTITUTE OF MEDICINE
UNIVERSITY OF COLOMBO

MD (OBSTETRICS AND GYNAECOLOGY) PART II EXAMINATION
JANUARY, 2007

Date: 8th January 2007
Time: 1.00 p.m. - 4.00 p.m.

PAPER I

Answer all three questions.
Each question to be answered in a separate book.

1. Discuss the management of female urinary incontinence.

2. "Antenatal care should be more effective both clinically and economically in Sri Lanka". Critically analyze this statement.

3. Discuss the factors affecting effectiveness of contraceptive methods available and how you would manage couples presenting with contraceptive failures in Sri Lanka.
Answer all six questions.
Each question to be answered in a separate book.

01. Briefly outline the mood disorders which occur in the puerperium and describe their management.

02. Discuss potential non contraceptive benefits of Levonogestrel intra uterine system (LNG-IUS).

03. Discuss how you would reduce short term morbidity following open myomectomy.

04. What issues would you discuss, with a 32 year old diabetic woman who is planning her first pregnancy, in relation to glycaemic control up to 35 weeks of pregnancy?

05. A 25 year old gravida 2 had an intrauterine fetal death at 35 weeks in her first pregnancy where the baby was found to be 1.7 kg and was free of malformations, following postmortem examination. She had hypertension from 15 weeks and proteinuria from the 33 weeks of that pregnancy.

Antenatal booking at 8 weeks in this pregnancy her blood pressure is persistently 140/100 mm Hg. Discuss the assessment of her pregnancy and treatment you would recommend in, the first 20 weeks of her pregnancy.

06. A 36 year old gravida 5 para 4 at 37 weeks of gestation who had been in labour for 16 hours was transferred to your labour room. Vaginal examination prior to transfer revealed that her cervix was dilated upto 8 cm. Discuss the management of this patient's delivery.